1.Project Details

Report Title: Stage 2 Road Safety Audit Response Report – Coventry City Council, Cliff				
Bridge Road, Coventry Cycle Facilities				
Date of Report:	September 2025			
Document Ref &	SA5118			
Revision:				
Prepared by:	Gill Wharton			
On behalf of:	Waterman Aspen			

Authorisation Sheet

Project:	Binley Cycleway – Clifford Bridge Road Section 7 (Phase 2)
Report Title:	Stage 2 Road Safety Audit Response Report
Prepared by:	
Name:	Louise Colley
Position:	Project Manager (Highway Delivery)
Signed:	L. Colley
Organisation:	Coventry City Council
Date:	09/10/2025

Approved by:	
Name:	Mark OConnell
Position:	Acting Strategic Lead – Highway Operations and Delivery
Signed:	
Organisation:	Coventry City Council
Date:	10/10/2025

2. Introduction and Summary of Scheme

The scheme proposed to install cycle facilities along the western side of Clifford Bridge Road between Mill Lane to the south, and Dorchester Way to the north. The proposed cycle facilities consist of two-way segregated cycleways and shared use paths. New signalised and uncontrolled crossings are also to be provided at several locations along the route. The works are split into two sections. This Stage 2 RSA and report are for Sections 7B and 7C only. Section 7A RSA 2 has already been undertaken and under construction.

3. Key Personnel

Overseeing Organisations:	CCC
RSA Team:	Waterman Aspen
Design organisation:	CCC
Developer:	N/A

GG119 Road Safety Audit Decision Log

- Columns 1 & 2 to be extracted directly from RSA Report
- Column 3 to be filled out by Design Organisation
- Column 4 to then be filled out by CCC
- Design Org/CCC to then agree action.

RSA PROBLEM	RSA Recommendation	Design Organisation Response	Overseeing Organisation	Agreed RSA
		(Choose one of for each response)	Response	Action
		 accept the RSA problem and 		
		recommendation made by the		
		RSA team;		
		2) accept the RSA problem raised,		
		but suggest an alternative		
		solution, giving appropriate		
		reasoning; or		
		3) disagree with the RSA problem		
		and recommendation raised,		
		giving appropriate reasoning for		
		rejecting both.		
Problem 7.1 (Formerly Problems 7.7 in Nov'24	Previous Recommendation - It is	Previous Design Organisation Response –	Update the layout as required to	Design is to be
Stage 1 RSA)	recommended that there should	Problem acknowledged. Cycle track will be	resolve the problem raised.	updated as
Risk of Cyclists Becoming Unseated Due to	be space between the path that	offset and if possible, the extents of the	Today and production raised.	required.
Proximity to Dutch Kerbs	cyclists will be following and any	Dutch Kerbs reduced.		- 1
The drawings submitted for the audit show	level differences introduced by			
Dutch Kerbs being installed across the side	the Dutch Kerbs.	Stage 2 RSA Design Organisation Response		
junctions. These Dutch kerbs are proposed		– (1) ACCEPT, the edging kerb to be		
adjacent to the cycleways where cyclists will be	Further Comment from Stage 2	realigned and the verge area will be		
travelling. The audit team are concerned that	RSA - The Audit Team	extended, to guide cyclists away from the		
the close proximity of the gradient from the	acknowledge that this problem	Dutch kerb edging.		
Dutch kerb to the path cyclists will be travelling	has partially been resolved	Please refer to Appendix I - Problem 7.1.		
will result in a risk of cyclists becoming unseated	through the latest design but is			
	still outstanding and relevant to			

should they veer off path and onto the Dutch kerb. In addition to this, it is unclear to the Audit Team how the Dutch kerbs will tie-in to the adjacent footway/cycleway and whether this will have any safety implications.	the northern side of Mill Lane junction.	Design Organisation Response (Choose one of for each response) 1) accept the RSA problem and recommendation made by the RSA team; 2) accept the RSA problem raised, but suggest an alternative solution, giving appropriate reasoning; or 3) disagree with the RSA problem and recommendation raised, giving appropriate reasoning for rejecting both.	Overseeing Organisation Response	Agreed RSA Action
Problem 7.2 (formerly problem 7.9 in Nov'24 Stage 1 RSA) Risk of Vehicles Failing to Give Way to Pedestrians and Cyclists The drawings submitted for audit show Dutch kerbs being proposed at the side roads off Clifford Bridge Roaf. Whilst Give Way markings have been shown for vehicles exiting the side roads, no Give Way markings are shown for vehicles turning into the side roads from Clifford Bridge Road who should Give Way to cyclists/pedestrians. This increases the rick of vehicles not stopping for pedestrians or cyclists which could lead to vehicle collisions	Previous Recommendation – It is recommended that Give Way markings should be installed at all junctions which require vehicles to give way to pedestrians and cyclists. Further Comment from Stage 2 RSA – The Audit Team acknowledge the Give Way road markings on the vehicles turning into the side roads and is still considered to be outstanding and relevant to this latest Audit.	Previous Design Organisation Response — Problem acknowledged. Add Give Way line markings on the side road behind the Dutch Kerbs. Stage 2 RSA Design Organisation Response — (3) DISAGREE - Referring to Rule H2 of the Highway Code, vehicles and cyclists are to give way to pedestrians waiting to cross side roads.	The proposed design, incorporating Dutch kerbs and Give Way markings on the side road exits, is deemed compliant, as the Highway Code hierarchy (Rule H2) dictates that vehicles turning into a side road must give way to pedestrians and cyclists. No further action required.	No further action required.

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		1) accept the RSA problem and		
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		RSA team;		
		2) accept the RSA problem raised,		
		but suggest an alternative		
		solution, giving appropriate		
		reasoning; or		
		3) disagree with the RSA problem		
		and recommendation raised,		
		giving appropriate reasoning for		
		rejecting both.		
Problem 7.3 (formerly problem 7.11 in Nov'24	Previous Recommendation – It is	Previous Design Organisation Response –	While the visibility splays from	No further
Stage 1 RSA)	recommended that visibility	Problem acknowledged. Add tactile paving	the proposed set-back Give Way	action required.
Risk of Side Impact or rear end shunt collisions	splays should be appropriate and	at the side roads. Add Give Way line	position do not strictly meet	action required.
as a result of restricted visibility at side road	kept free from obstructions.	markings in the side road behind the Dutch	Manual for Streets 2 criteria, they	
junctions due to set back give-way		kerbs.	are considered acceptable as they	
The drawings submitted for audit show Dutch	Further Comment from Stage 2	Visibility splays will be in accordance with	are no worse than the existing	
kerbs at the side roads off Cliford Bridge Road	RSA – The Audit Team	LTN1/20 and Manual for Streets 2. The	situation and the design features	
with Give Way markings being provided to the	acknowledge the addition of	existing situation is that cars passing	(set-back line and raised table)	
Dutch kerb for exiting vehicles. The Audit Team	tactile paving at the side roads	through the proposed set back give way	are anticipated to improve safety	
are concerned that visibility is restricted for	and the provided visibility splays	positions can do so without	by mandating a pause/stop and	
drivers from the proposed Give Way line which	for the junctions. However,	pausing/stopping on to the current Give	increasing driver awareness of	
is set back into the junction, and there are no	visibility splays for the set back	Way markings. If visibility is found to be	vulnerable users.	
subsequent Give Way marking at the junction	Give Way markings for vehicles to	insufficient the design may be an		
which increases the rick of side impact or rear	give way to pedestrians and	improvement by slowing vehicles on the	No further action required.	
end shunt collisions with vehicles on Clifford	cyclists have not been provided.	approach to the junction and raised table.		
Bridge Road.	It is still unclear to the Audit	In summary, design review will be		
Should vehicles proceed over the continuous	Team whether vehicles exiting	undertaken of road markings and provision		
crossing and stop at the mouth of the junction to give way, then they will block the continuous	the junction will have sufficient visibility of approaching	of tactile paving to ensure that existing vehicles have adequate visibility of		
crossing which increases the rick of blind or	pedestrians and cyclists.	pedestrians and cyclists, as well as CBR		
partially sighted pedestrians walking into the	pedestrians and cyclists.	traffic, on entering the junction.		
side of the vehicle resulting in injury, This		traine, on entering the junction.		

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		3) disagree with the RSA problem		
		and recommendation raised,		
		giving appropriate reasoning for		
		rejecting both.		
problem is exacerbated by the absence of tactile		Stage 2 Design Organisation Response – (2)		
paving leaving pedestrians unaware they are		PARTIALLY ACCEPT, The existing situation is		
entering the carriageway as described in		that cars passing through the proposed set		
problem 7.10 above.		back Give Way positions can do so without		
		pausing/stopping and move on to the		
		current Give Way markings. The proposed		
		set back Give Way will make vehicles pause		
		or stop before the crossing. The raised table of red macadam will indicate the potential		
		for pedestrians or cyclists crossing the		
		junction. The visibility splays from the		
		proposed set back Give Way position, do		
		not meet the criteria for Manual for Street 2		
		but are as existing. This proposed design		
		may improve the existing situation.		
		Please refer to Appendix I – Problem 7.3		
Problem 7.4 (formerly problem 7.14 in Nov'24	Previous Recommendation – It is	Previous Design Organisation Response –	The placement of the	No further
Stage 1 RSA)	recommended that adequate	Problem acknowledged. However, to	uncontrolled crossing is not	action required.
Risk of Pedestrian Collisions with Vehicles due	visibility splays should be	accommodate the proposed cycle track and	strictly on the pedestrian desire	action required.
to Locations of Uncontrolled Crossings	provided for all crossings and that	shared use facilities on the western side of	line, however, this positioning is	
	crossings should be provided on	Clifford Bridge Road the existing channel	necessary to accommodate the	

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		accept the RSA problem raised,		
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		3) disagree with the RSA problem		
		and recommendation raised,		
		giving appropriate reasoning for		
		rejecting both.		
The drawings provided show proposed	the pedestrian desire lines or as	lines at these junctions would be moved	proposed cycle track and shared-	
uncontrolled crossings on Portree Avenue and	close as possible.	towards the east. This will reduce the	use facilities. Furthermore,	
Gainford Rise. Both uncontrolled crossings are		distance between the desire line and	locating the crossings further into	
shown to be set back into the road, away from	Further Comment from Stage 2	vehicles turning into these side roads. The	the side roads is a safety-driven	
the junction with Clifford Bridge Road which is	RSA – Intervisibility splays	same can be said for the driveway accesses	decision, as it increases the	
considered to be away from the crossing	between pedestrians and	on either side of the junctions. If these	separation distance between	
provided where there will be no dropped kerbs, thus increasing the risk of pedestrian trips and	vehicles at these uncontrolled crossings to be off the desire line	crossings were positioned on the desire lines, there could be a risk of pedestrians	pedestrians and turning vehicles, and mitigates the risk of conflicts	
falls on the full height kerbs.	for pedestrians with less visibility	standing at a crossing with a vehicle in front	with vehicles accessing adjacent	
In addition to this, visibility splays have not been	than there would be at the	of them whilst another was accessing a	driveways, thus delivering an	
provided for these restricted by property	mouth of the junctions which	driveway behind them.	overall improved safety outcome.	
boundaries increases the likelihood of collisions.	would be considered to be on the	Positioning the uncontrolled crossings		
	desire line.	further into the side roads will increase	No further action required.	
		visibility for pedestrians and motorists and	·	
		avoid the above scenario (Visibility splays		
		will be further investigated). TSM Chapter 6		
		15.12.2 & 15.12.3 indicates that space for		
		one waiting vehicle should be allowed for.		
		Change 2 Design Committee Design (2)		
		Stage 2 Design Organisation Response – (2) PARTIALLY AGREE, the crossing is not on the		
		desire line. However, to accommodate the		
		desire line. However, to accommodate the		ĺ

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		and recommendation raised,		
		giving appropriate reasoning for		
		rejecting both.		
		proposed cycle track and shared use		
		facilities on the western side of Clifford		
		Bridge Road, the existing channel lines at		
		these junctions would be moved towards		
		the east. This would have the effect of		
		reducing the distance between the desire		
		line and vehicles turning into these side		
		roads. The same can be said for the		
		driveway accesses on either side of the		
		junctions. If these crossings were positioned on the desire lines, there could		
		be a risk of pedestrians standing at a		
		crossing with a vehicle in front of them		
		whilst another was accessing a driveway		
		behind them.		
		Positioning the uncontrolled crossings		
		further into the side roads will increase		
		distance between pedestrians and vehicles		
		turning into the side roads. Visibility splays		
		have been investigated, please refer to		
		Appendix I – Problem 7.4.		

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		accept the RSA problem raised,		
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		solution, giving appropriate		
		reasoning; or		
		3) disagree with the RSA problem		
		and recommendation raised,		
		giving appropriate reasoning for		
		rejecting both.		
		TSM Chapter 6 15.12.2 & 15.12.3 indicates		
		that space for one waiting vehicle should be		
		allowed for.		
Problem 7.5 (formerly problem 7.16 in Nov'24	Previous Recommendation – The	Previous Design Organisation Response –	Update the signalling design as	Design is to be
Stage 1 RSA)	is recommended that the	Problem acknowledged. The current design	required to resolve the problem	updated as
Risk of rear end shunt collisions or vehicle	forward visibility to the signal	layout will be reviewed, and the signal	raised.	required.
collisions with pedestrians due to restricted	heads should be appropriate abs	design will be included with the RSA 2		
visibility to signal heads	kept free from obstruction.	submission.		
The drawings provided show two signalised	Fromthau Camanant from Stana 3	Store 2 DSA Design Overviestian Designation		
crossings on Clifford Bridge Road, one to the south of Bridgeacre Gardens and the other to	Further Comment from Stage 2 RSA – Forward visibility splays	Stage 2 RSA Design Organisation Response – (1) ACCEPT, A signal head will be installed		
the south of the roundabout junction with the	have been provided as part of the	at a higher level which will be visible along		
B4082. Parking bays are proposed on the	Stage 2 RSA. The visibility splay	the north bound approach visibility splay.		
approached to both of these crossings and	for the northbound approach to	, , ,		
concern arises that any high sided vehicles	the crossing south of the B4082			
parked in these bays would restrict visibility to	roundabout appears to go			
the primary signal heads for approaching	through a proposed parking area.			
drivers. This will increase the risk of vehicles	The problem is considered to be			
overshooting the Stop line for crossing and	outstanding and still deemed			
colliding with pedestrians, and/or rear end shunt	relevant to this latest Audit.			

collisions as a result of braking sharply at the last minute when they see a red signal.	RSA Recommendation	Design Organisation Response (Choose one of for each response) 1) accept the RSA problem and recommendation made by the RSA team; 2) accept the RSA problem raised, but suggest an alternative solution, giving appropriate reasoning; or 3) disagree with the RSA problem and recommendation raised, giving appropriate reasoning for rejecting both.	Overseeing Organisation Response	Agreed RSA Action
Problem 7.6 Risk of pedestrian confusion and collisions with vehicles The drawings provided show the provision of hazard paving at the raised junctions for the side roads along Clifford Bridge Road for both pedestrians entering the junction from Clifford Bridge Road and from the side roads. Whilst hazard paving is correct on the side roads for pedestrians entering a shared space footway at this location, the Audit Team are concerned that using hazard paving to advise pedestrians that they are entering a live carriageway may cause confusion, increasing the risk of collisions with vehicles.	Stage 2 RSA Recommendation — It is recommended that hazard paving should be used to highlight the start/end of a shared space and blister tactile paving should be used at uncontrolled crossing locations throughout the scheme. It should be noted that pedestrians entering the raised table junctions from the side roads will enter the junction, carriageway side of the tactile paving for pedestrians entering the raised table from Clifford Bridge Road. This means that although the hazard paving is correct to enter a shared space, there is no blister tactile to aid	Stage 2 RSA Design Organisation Response – (1) ACCEPT, buff tactiles to be installed across the length of the carriageway/crossing at the junctions. Please refer to Appendix 1 – Problem 7.6	Update the layout as required to resolve the problem raised.	Design is to be updated as required.

RSA PROBLEM	pedestrians across the road at these locations. It is recommended that this taken into account when reviewing the tactile paving provisions.	Design Organisation Response (Choose one of for each response) 1) accept the RSA problem and recommendation made by the RSA team; 2) accept the RSA problem raised, but suggest an alternative solution, giving appropriate reasoning; or 3) disagree with the RSA problem and recommendation raised, giving appropriate reasoning for rejecting both.	Overseeing Organisation Response	Agreed RSA Action
Problem 7.7 Risk of head on collision or vehicle collisions with pedestrians The drawings provided show a short provision of double yellow lines on the approach to the side roads junctions to the western side of Clifford Bridge Road. Parking is unrestricted along these roads meaning vehicles will be able to park up to the end of the proposed double yellow lines. Concerns arises that vehicles parked that close to the Give Way marking for the start of the raised table will force passing vehicles to be on the opposite side of the road which increases the risk of collisions with vehicles entering the junction. The problem is exacerbated likely to be stopping at this point frequently.	Stage 2 RSA Recommendation — It is recommended that the parking restrictions should be extended to allow vehicle to pull up and wait at the Give Way lines whilst also keeping the intervisibility splays clear from obstructions.	Stage 2 RSA Design Organisation Response – (2) PARTIALLY ACCEPT, We will monitor the situation and address after the RSA 3 or RSA 4 stages.	Issues with the parking arrangement will be monitored as part of the RSA3 and RSA4 process, and retrospective changes will be implemented if necessary. No further action required.	No further action required.

In addition to this, vehicles exiting the junctions overtaking a parked vehicle at these locations may result in vehicle collisions with pedestrians due to intervisibility or masking of the approaching vehicle by the parked one.	RSA Recommendation	Design Organisation Response (Choose one of for each response) 1) accept the RSA problem and recommendation made by the RSA team; 2) accept the RSA problem raised, but suggest an alternative solution, giving appropriate reasoning; or 3) disagree with the RSA problem and recommendation raised, giving appropriate reasoning for rejecting both.	Overseeing Organisation Response	Agreed RSA Action
Problem 7.8 Risk of side impact collisions due to restricted visibility The drawings provided show junction visibility splays at the side road junctions to both sides of Clifford Bridge Road. At these junctions the visibility splays appear to go through the proposed parking bays which restricts visibility for vehicles exiting the junctions. Restricted visibility increases the risk of side impact collisions between vehicles exiting the junctions and vehicles on Clifford Bridge Road.	Stage 2 RSA Recommendation – It is recommended that visibility splays should be kept free from obstructions.	Stage 2 RSA Design Organisation Response — (3) DISAGREE, the proposed design offers some improvements to what is existing at the junctions. The proposed design incorporates additional verge, knee railing and 'H' bars (diag. 1026.1) across resident driveways to deter vehicle parking within the visibility splays. Please refer to Appendix I — Problem 7.3, and Problem 7.8	While specific visibility splay criteria may be challenging to meet at this location, the proposed scheme delivers overall betterment by removing verge parking and introducing 'H' bar markings to discourage obstruction. Therefore, given the safety improvement achieved through controlling existing driver behaviour no further action is required.	No further action required.
Problem 7.9 Risk of pedestrian injury due to footway width	Stage 2 RSA Recommendation – It is recommended that the footway should be provided at a	Stage 2 RSA Design Organisation Response – (3) DISAGREE, to accommodate the cycleway on the west, the carriageway has	Minimum designed footpath width of 1.8m is compliant with standards.	No further action required.

The drawings provided do not appear to detail the width of the proposed footway along the eastern side Clifford Bridge Road. An insufficient width could lead to pedestrians stepping onto the verge or parking bays leading to trips and falls resulting in injury. Furthermore, no buffer zone has been provided between the footway and proposed parking bays and an insufficient footway width would increase the likelihood of pedestrians being injured from car passengers opening doors.	sufficient width taking into account the adjacent parking bays.	Design Organisation Response (Choose one of for each response) 1) accept the RSA problem and recommendation made by the RSA team; 2) accept the RSA problem raised, but suggest an alternative solution, giving appropriate reasoning; or 3) disagree with the RSA problem and recommendation raised, giving appropriate reasoning for rejecting both. been re-aligned along this section. The parking bay widths have been reduced on the east rather than altering the width of the existing footway. We have aimed for a minimum width of 1.8m. The opening of passenger doors onto the footway is an existing issue.	Overseeing Organisation Response No further action required.	Agreed RSA Action
Problem 7.10 Risk of vehicle collisions with cyclists due to restricted visibility The drawings provided show a cycle link from the proposed two-cycleway and Clifford Bridge Road opposite Portree Avenue. A visibility splay has been provided between the cycle link and southbound vehicles. However, no visibility splay has been shown for northbound vehicles. The Audit Team are unsure whether there is	Stage 2 RSA Recommendation – It is recommended that visibility splays should be appropriate and kept free from obstructions.	Stage 2 RSA Design Organisation Response – (3) DISAGREE, the visibility was shown on the drawing but was obscured by drawing objects. The visibility for vehicles to the cycle link is clear of obstructions. Drawing objects have been removed in order show the visibility splay, refer to Appendix 1 – Problem 7.10.	Visibility splays have now been provided and adequate. No further action required.	No further action required.

adjacent intervisibility at this point due to parking bays to the south of the link. A lack of appropriate visibility could lead to collisions between vehicles and cyclists pulling out of the link.	RSA Recommendation	Design Organisation Response (Choose one of for each response) 1) accept the RSA problem and recommendation made by the RSA team; 2) accept the RSA problem raised, but suggest an alternative solution, giving appropriate reasoning; or 3) disagree with the RSA problem and recommendation raised, giving appropriate reasoning for rejecting both.	Overseeing Organisation Response	Agreed RSA Action
Problem 7.11 Risk of pedestrian injury due to proposed bollards The drawings provided show three bollards across the western footway to the south of Bridgeacre Gardens. The proposed distance between these bollards is not clear to the Audit Team. An insufficient width could result in pedestrian or cyclist injury as a result of colliding with the bollards.	Stage 2 RSA Recommendation – It is recommended that adequate width should be provided between the bollards for both pedestrians and cyclists.	Stage 2 RSA Design Organisation Response – (3) DISAGREE, the bollards were shown on the drawings but without dimensions, they are 1.5m clear spacings between each of the bollards and can be seen on Appendix 1 - Problem 7.11.	Bollard positions been provided and are adequate. No further action required.	No further action required.
Problem 7.12 Risk of pedestrian collisions with cyclists due to absence of signage The drawings provide do not appear to include any signage to advise pedestrians and cyclists of	Stage 2 RSA Recommendation – It is recommended that shared use and cyclist dismount signs should be installed as required.	Stage 2 RSA Design Organisation Response – (1) ACCEPT, additional signage to be installed to the south of the Toucan crossing. Diag 966 sign to be installed. Please refer to Appendix 1 – Problem 7.12.	Update the layout as required to resolve the problem raised.	Design is to be updated as required.

the start/end of the shared use path to the eastern side of Clifford Bridge Road to the southern side of the Toucan crossing, This increases the risk of collisions between pedestrians and cyclists within the shared space whereby pedestrians may not be expecting to encounter cyclists in the area. Furthermore, this may encourage cyclists to continue their journey south on the designated footway which could	RSA Recommendation	Design Organisation Response (Choose one of for each response) 1) accept the RSA problem and recommendation made by the RSA team; 2) accept the RSA problem raised, but suggest an alternative solution, giving appropriate reasoning; or 3) disagree with the RSA problem and recommendation raised, giving appropriate reasoning for rejecting both.	Overseeing Organisation Response	Agreed RSA Action
also lead to collisions with pedestrians as they would not be expecting cyclists in this area.				
Problem 7.13 Risk of head on cycle collisions due to pinch point on cycle track The drawings provided appear to show narrowing of the two-way cycle track to avoid an existing tree along the western side of Clifford Bridge Road opposite Gainsford Rise. No dimensions have been provided at this narrowing. However, there is no advance warning to cyclists of the restricted cycle lane	Stage 2 RSA Recommendation – It is recommended that the width of the two-cycle cycle track should remain consistent and not reduce further than 2m width.	Stage 2 RSA Design Organisation Response – (3) DISAGREE, we can confirm the cycle way does not reduce below 2.0m in width along the route.	Confirmation provided cycleway is a minimum of 2.0m throughout. No further action required.	No further action required.

width increases the risk of head on collisions between the opposing cyclists. This problem is exacerbated by the narrowing being after a change of direction whereby cyclists will not be travelling in a straight line, heighted further by the possibility of the tree masking forward visibility to oncoming cyclists.	RSA Recommendation	Design Organisation Response (Choose one of for each response) 1) accept the RSA problem and recommendation made by the RSA team; 2) accept the RSA problem raised, but suggest an alternative solution, giving appropriate reasoning; or 3) disagree with the RSA problem and recommendation raised, giving appropriate reasoning for rejecting both.	Overseeing Organisation Response	Agreed RSA Action
Problem 7.14 Risk of vehicle collisions with pedestrians due to vehicles merging A new Puffin crossing is proposed south of the B4082 roundabout. Currently there are two lanes merging into one as vehicles leave the roundabout, a layout which is to be retained as part of the proposed scheme. The Audit Team are concerned that, with vehicles merging on the approach to the proposed Puffin crossing, drivers may not notice the signal change to red if they are concentrating on the merge. This could lead to drivers failing to stop for the signals or overshooting the stop line for the crossing	Stage 2 RSA Recommendation – It is recommended that the two-lane merge should be replaced with a single lane exit off the roundabout on the approach to the Puffin crossing.	Stage 2 RSA Design Organisation Response – (1) AGREE, the road lining to be amended to reduce the number lanes. Please refer to Appendix I – Problem 7.14	Update the layout as required to resolve the problem raised.	Design is to be updated as required.

RSA PROBLEM	RSA Recommendation	Design Organisation Response	Overseeing Organisation	Agreed RSA
		 (Choose one of for each response) accept the RSA problem and recommendation made by the RSA team; accept the RSA problem raised, but suggest an alternative solution, giving appropriate reasoning; or disagree with the RSA problem and recommendation raised, giving appropriate reasoning for rejecting both. 	Response	Action
leading to vehicle collisions with pedestrians. This also increases the risk of rear end shunt collisions on the approach to the crossing if drivers brake suddenly for lights should they notice them late.				

1) the RSA actions identified in	n response to the road safety audit problems in this road safety au
-	d with the Overseeing Organisation.
Name:	Louise Colley
Signed:	L. Colley
Position:	Project Manager
Organisation:	Coventry City Council
Date:	09/10/2025
	ganisation Coventry City Council, I certify that:
1) the RSA actions identified in I	response to the road safety audit problems in this road safety audit d with the design organisation; and
1) the RSA actions identified in I	response to the road safety audit problems in this road safety audit d with the design organisation; and
1) the RSA actions identified in I	response to the road safety audit problems in this road safety audit d with the design organisation; and
1) the RSA actions identified in the have been discussed and agreed 2) the agreed RSA actions will be Name:	response to the road safety audit problems in this road safety audit d with the design organisation; and e progressed.
1) the RSA actions identified in the have been discussed and agreed 2) the agreed RSA actions will be	response to the road safety audit problems in this road safety audit d with the design organisation; and e progressed. John Seddon
1) the RSA actions identified in a have been discussed and agreed 2) the agreed RSA actions will be Name: Signed:	response to the road safety audit problems in this road safety audit d with the design organisation; and e progressed. John Seddon

APPENDIX I – JUSTIFICATIONS/AMENDMENTS:





































